

HOW TO USE YOUR TRANSMAILLE

A profiled tool with 60 hollow needles
A cursor (see photo 1).

I FROM RIBBING TO STOCKING STITCHES

To move stitches from the Front Bed to the needles of the Back Bed and after **HAVING REMOVED THE FRONT CARRIAGE FROM THE MACHINE**

1) With the help of the back "2d" of the Transmaille, move the empty needles of the Back Bed in working position. The latches can be open or closed.

2) Bring the stitches of the Front Bed into the tilting position (fig. a), which means bring the needles up and back so that the stitches close the latches. Use "2d"

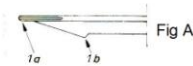
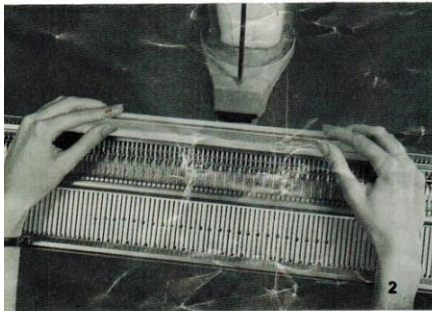


Fig B



3) Move the tips "1a" of the Transmaille under the needles (of the Front Bed) to achieve this. (See photo 2 for the positioning of the Transmaille and photo 3 for the penetration of the tips under the needles).

To achieve the correct penetration of the tips in the stitches, raise the needles slightly by introducing and pushing the Transmaille downwards.

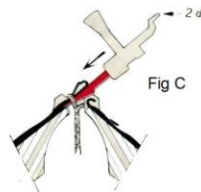
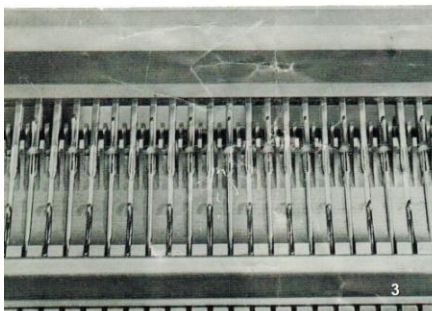
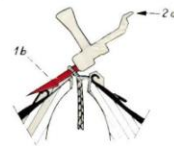
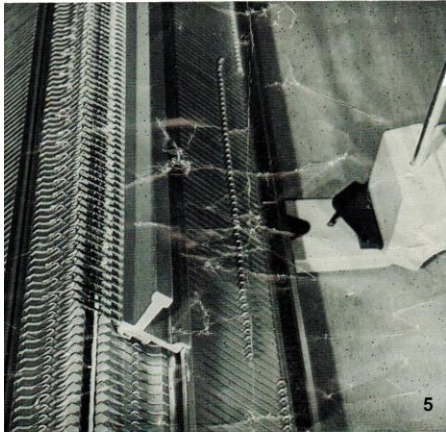


Fig D



4) Move the cursor in the groove of the lower slide, in the direction of the arrow 1, shown on the cursor. The needles of the Front Bed will lower and the stitches will now be on the tips of the Transmaille (see photo 4). Push the Transmaille downwards until the stitches slip behind the stop hook "1b". For this movement, push the tips above the needles that have just been freed (see fig. d).





5) Tip the Transmaille backwards onto the Back Bed taking care that the back "2D" rests (has just engaged) on the high slide of the Back Bed (see picture 5).

Engage the cursor as before in the hollow of the lower slide of the Back Bed and push the heels of the needles from right to left, with the cursor, in the direction of the arrow (as shown on the cursor), so as to raise and let the needles penetrate the stitches that are on the tips of the Transmaille (see photo 6). Disengage the back "2d" (of the low slide) and remove the Transmaille backwards. The stitches are now on the needles of the Back Bed.

Return the needles into working position 2.

Return the Front Bed into the upper position.

II TRANSFER OF WHOLE ROWS FOR GARTER STITCHES OR SIMILAR STITCHES

According to the desired stitch, knit alternatively on the Back Bed or the Front Bed. The transfer of whole rows on the front or back is done in the same way as the transfer of ribbed stitches to stocking stitches. If the work has more stitches than the number on the Transmaille, the transfer is done several times.



III DECREASING OR INCREASING STITCHES

Thanks to the Transmaille, several decreases or increases can be done, regardless of where these have to be made. The transfer is done in the same way as the transfer from ribbed stitches to stocking stitches.

IV CHECKERBOARD EFFECT

The tips of the Transmaille can be removed and allow the transfer of groups of stitches from one bed to the other. To remove a tip, introduce a tip from one of the tools under the spring found at the back of the Transmaille; push the tip until the required needles is removed. To return a tip, just push it back by hand under the spring (see fig. e).

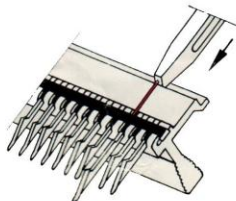


Fig E

V LACE STITCHES IN STOCKING STITCHES

1. Select the tips of the Transmaille corresponding to the lace stitch required.
2. Put the corresponding groups of needles of the Back Bed in the casting off position.
3. Introduce the Transmaille and cast off the stitches with the cursor.
4. Transfer the stitches that are now on the Transmaille on the next needles.